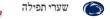
# Shaare Tefila Synagogue: Committed to the Past, Present and Future

Steve J. Horna Construction Management Olney, Montgomery County, Maryland Location Shaare Tefila Congregation Owner Forrester Construction Company General Contractor WMCRP, Inc. Architect



Monday, April 14th 2008 Presentation Date













שערי תפילה

FORRESTER

Monday, April 14th, 2008 Presentation Date





### BUILDING SYSTEMS

#### Architecture:

Steve I. Horna Construction Management

> - Split -faced and ground-face concrete masonry, ceramic tile, cement board cladding, expanses of aluminum curtain wall glazing

#### Structural:

- Structural Steel and structural masonry - Composite slab deck 4-1/2" thick steel and C-I-P concrete - Glue-laminated wood beams and steel framing

#### Mechanical:

- Ground Source Heat Pump - Redundant Cooling Tower and Boiler - Enthalpy Wheel Air-to-air heat exchanger







East Elevation



South Elevation



North Elevation







-G

COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### Problem:

Lack of Safety training in a Bilingual workforce
 Lack of training/resources for CM professionals, and students
 Industry indifference to growing Hispanic workforce

### Design Goals:

 -Identify Language barrier as critical issue facing: labor workforce, construction professionals, and construction students

-Gauge Spanish Language competency among construction professionals, construction students

- Determine the adequacy of current company methods and resources regarding Spanish language

- Recommend program/training plan to change industry standard









COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### Industry Need:

- "In 2010 ,Hispanics will be 47% of workforce in construction" 1

- Injury and Fatalities due to communication and culture

Hispanic fatality rate 5.2/100,000<sup>2</sup>
 12% of injuries among Hispanics is on first day<sup>3</sup>
 Little or no safety training
 Safety questions unasked/unanswered

- English-Only Policy: Not the answer

- Foreman's English not guaranteed - Liability with discriminatory laws



<sup>1</sup> All Business http://www.allbusiness.com/labor-employment/workplace-health-safety/6240182-1.html <sup>2</sup> Bureau of Labor Statistics http://www.bis.gov/i/pub/cioichantbook/pdf/appendix2.pdf <sup>3</sup> Bureau of Labor Statistics http://www.bis.gov/i/forsham.htm





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### Construction Professionals



10





שערי תפילה

FORRESTER



0.0% 10.0% 20.0% 30.0% 40.0% 50.0% 40.0% 70.0%

Monday, April 14th, 2008 Presentation Date

Strong 3.4%

Conversational 6.9%

Little to None

### COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### **Construction Professionals**







5+Wars

1-3 mars 2.6%



"My company requires an **english speaking foreman**." - Anonymous Superintendent, Washington DC

"We are in an **English speeking** Country" - Anonymous Superintendent, Maryland

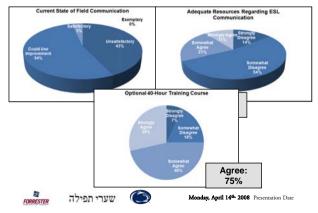
"[Spanish training sessions] with **Spanish food** served for the training course, as well." - Anoymous Superintendent, Washington DC



Monday, April 14th, 2008 Presentation Date

0.0% 10.0% 20.0% 30.0% 40.0% 50.0% 40.0% 70.0%





"My company requires an **english speaking foreman**." - Anonymous Superintendent, Washington DC

"We are in an **English speeking** Country" - Anonymous Superintendent, Maryland

"[Spanish training sessions] with **Spanish food** served for the training course, as well." - Anoymous Superintendent, Washington DC



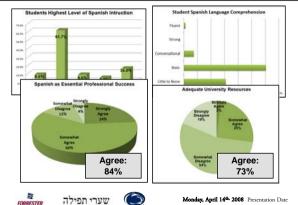


COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### **Construction Students**







FORRESTER

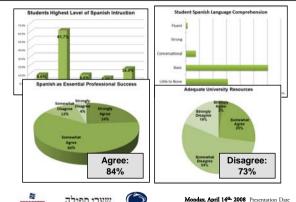
COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### **Construction Students**









שערי תפילה

"Upon relocating to D.C. this summer, I believe I will need a knowledge of the Spanish Language" -Anonymous 5th Year CM, Penn State University

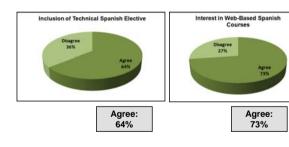
> "If they live in the U.S. they should speak English." -Anonymous CM Student , Arizona State University

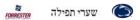
"It's beneficial to know Spanish, but it should not be in a curriculum." -Anonymous CM Student, Arizona State University

> "I think in class would be better but anything that would help learn the language would be great"

-Anonymous 4th Year CM , Penn State University







"Upon relocating to D.C. this summer, I believe I will need a knowledge of the Spanish Language" -Anonymous 5<sup>th</sup> Year CM, Penn State University

> "If they live in the U.S. they should speak English." -Anonymous CM Student, Arizona State University

"It's beneficial to know Spanish, but it should not be in a curriculum." -Anonymous CM Student, Arizona State University

> "I think in class would be better but **anything that would help learn the language** would be great"

-Anonymous 4th Year CM , Penn State University





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### **Recommendations:**

Manage the present conditions, and invest into the future

### Construction Professionals:

- 40 hour safety training, focusing on communication with bilingual workforce.

- Comparable to fall protection, scaffolding, TO/LO

- Voluntary basis, with rewards to exemplary industry leaders





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

### **Recommendations:**

Manage the present conditions, and invest into the future...

### **Construction Students:**

- College and Universities must offer elective courses in technical Spanish

- Implement web-based courses as alternative (e.g. Interlingo Spanish: Professional Program)

- PACE industry leaders, develop Spanish safety for Internships Quality Control and Toolbox talks run by students





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Acoustical Analysis of Worship Space

### Problem:

- Typical Acoustical fabric- wrapped wall panels

- No music sound system

- Seating flat, not steeped

Design Criteria

- Select Reverberant and Absorptive wall panel alternative

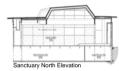
- Intelligible Speech from podium and congregation

- Target reverb time: 1.7 – 2.3 seconds



#### Worship Space- Design Goals











COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Acoustical Analysis of Worship Space

Worship Space Acoustics

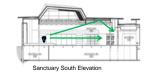
Sanctuary Dimensions: 67' x 77' x21'

Area: 5,159 SF Volume: 108,340 CF

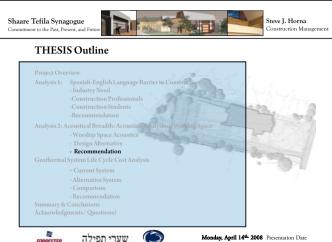
 Volume

 - Speech
 180 to 300 ft<sup>3</sup> per person

 - Music
 200 to 400 ft<sup>3</sup> per person







### COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Acoustical Analysis of Worship Space

#### Recommendation:

BAD RPG – Binary Amplitude Diffsorber

 For combination of sound dispersion and absorption

Reverb Time: T= 0.5 V/a = 1.83 sec @ 500 Hertz







COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis

#### Problem:

- Relies on Redundant Heating/Cooling system

- 25 Additional Geothermal wells, unused for future expansion

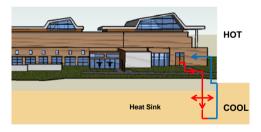
Unknown payback period

### Design Goals

Research and become familiar with Ground Source Heat Pump
 Determine initial cost associated with installation for 25 additional wells

- Determine cost and payback period for 55 geothermal well system.

### COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis



Vertical closed-loop





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis

#### Problem:

- Relies on Redundant Heating/Cooling system

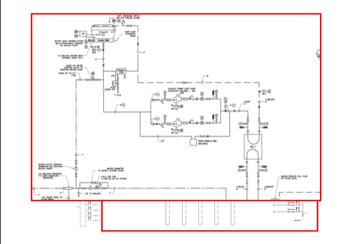
- 25 Additional Geothermal wells, unused for future expansion

Unknown payback period

### Design Goals

Research and become familiar with Ground Source Heat Pump
 Determine initial cost associated with installation for 25 additional wells

- Determine cost and payback period for 55 geothermal well system.







COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis

### Initial Cost:

Assuming \$17/ vertical foot construction cost<sup>6</sup>, considering installation, drilling, testing, trenching and backfill, pumps and controls.

\$17/ft \* 542 ft \* 30 geo wells = \$230,520

\$17/ft \* 542 ft \* 55 geo wells = \$422,620

Additional 25 Geothermal wells, must pay back \$192,100 for initial cost

<sup>6</sup> Based off of Geoexchange Forum advice from GSHP installer/designer based in Ohio

#### COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis







### COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis

Energy Consumption and Operating Costs Comparison

- Annual heating and cooling demands determined from TRACE 700 energy estimate software

#### Assumptions:

-Model using water source heat pump -Simplify upper and lower room configuration, four large rooms/ level -Assume rates and conditions for Baltimore(54 minutes away from Olney) -Electricity rates estimated at \$0.06/kWh.

#### Study Difficulty

Model design with 45% larger capacity, geothermal wells

 Industry mentors (Construction and Mechanical) - unresponsive AE faculty – partially helpful, scheduling conflicts AE mechanical students – partially helpful Geoexchange forum – Geothermal Heat Pump Consortium McQuay International – GSHP manufacturer Loopgroup – GSHP consulting engineers





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis

Energy Consumption and Operating Costs

Case study: Lapwai Middle-Highschool, ID - Open Loop GSHP

Building Load comparison:

GSHP Consumption Cost comparison						
Project	Heating	Cooling	Avg Ground Water temp			
Shaare Tefila Synagogue	158 tons	1700MBH	56			
Lapwei Middleschool	140 tons	1140MBH	58			

Typical cost savings Estimate: \$17,880 annually





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis

### **Recommendations:**

Typical cost savings Estimate: Cost difference for 25 additional wells: Total initial cost current system: Total initial cost alternative system: Assuming Energy cost is 45% more **\$17,880 annually \$192,100** \$230,520 \$422,620

Geothermal System	Total Capitol Cost	Annual Costs		Periodic Costs	Simple Payback (vrs)
		Energy	Maint	Periodic Costs	Simple Payback (yrs)
30 geo wells	\$230,520	\$3,639	\$4,721	\$25,000 , Year 20	12.89
55 geo wells	\$422,620	\$8,086	\$4,721	\$25,000 , Year 20	23.63





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Geothermal Life-Cycle Cost Analysis

#### Recommendations:

GSHP wi/ 30 geo wells simple payback period for Is **12.89 years** GSHP wi/ 55 geo wells simple payback period for Is **23.63 years** 

Because of the relatively high initial cost, recommend staying with 30 geothermal wells from the initial design.





COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Summary and Conclusions

### Spanish English Language Barrier

-Recommend 40-hour training for Professionals and workforce -University backed technical Spanish courses -Project schedule accelerated 2 weeks

#### Acoustical Analysis

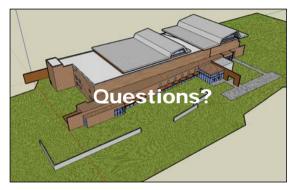
-RPG acoustical panels for sanctuary -1.83 reverb time

### Geothermal System Life-cycle

-Continue with 30 geothermal wells with payback of 12.6 years -Annual savings of \$17,880







#### Acknowledgements

Shaare Tefila Congregation: Max Kentzer, PE

Forrester Construction Company: Daniel McCloughlin, Raissa Wetcher, Luis Ortiz, Kim Etezadi, Seth Glinski, Andre Dondero, David Forrester, & Rick Forrester

 Dick Corporation: Dennis Hanna
 MACTEC Consulting, Inc.: Vance Williams

 Mass Electric Construction: Gina Goldstein
 Davis Construction: Allison White & Sarah Cash

 OSHA: hris Matthewson, Gilbert Trujillo
 McQuay International: Charles Kovac

 Hotel Energy Group Inc.: Warren Linnerooth
 Hotel Energy Group Inc.: Warren Linnerooth

Virginia Tech Building Construction Program: Dannete Gomez Beane

Arizone State University Webb School of Construction: Kathleen Meyer, Sue Mueller, Matt Eicher

#### Penn State AE Faculty:

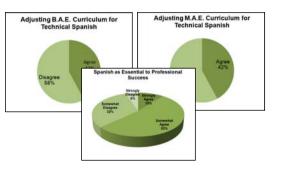
Moses D. F. Ling, PE, RA Dr. Michael J. Horman, PhDM. Kevin Parfitt, PE, Dr. James D. Freihaut, PhD, Dr. John I. Messner, PhD, Robert J. Holland, RA, Dr. David Riley, PhD

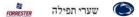
#### Penn State AE Students:

5<sup>th</sup> year CM Class, 4<sup>th</sup> Year CM Class, Jay Witterman – Mechanical, Tyler Lobb – Mechanical, Steve Haines – Mechanical, Krystan Maruszewski –Lighting, Jeremy Powis – Structural, Maxwell Chien – Mechanical

To my Family and Friends ....







Monday, April 14th, 2008 Presentation Date

COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

Penn State CM Curriculum B.A.E./ M.A.E.

- Inconclusive

- Inconsistent with question on "professional development"

- AE curriculum too packed as is

"If a Spanish course were offered it would be helpful - our **need for learning Spanish** also **depends on where** we plan on working post-graduation" -Anonymous CM Student, Virainia Tech

> "It should be **elective** to take the course." - Anonymous 5<sup>th</sup> Year CM, Penn State University

COMMITMENT to PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE: Spanish-English Language Barrier in Construction

**Training Implementation: Lost Time Analysis** 40 hour trained session

Assuming average peak project man hours: 50 (mixed bi-lingual) workers , 13 month schedule

Total MH = 50\*160(hrs/mo)\* 13 mo = 104,000 mh total project

Recorded rate of loss time (after training) =  $0.42/200,000 \text{ mh}^4$ National Average =  $3.68/200,000 \text{ mh}^5$ 

Project Lost time /wi training = 0.21 hr/man\*50 = 10.5hrs ~ 1.3 days

Project Lost time average = 1.91 hr/man\*50 = 95.7 hrs ~ 2.3 weeks

<sup>4</sup> Lost time rate after Spanish communication training based on OSHA success story: Dallas Ft. Worth Int'l Airport (http://www.osha.gov/dcsp/success\_stories/hispanic/dallas\_airport.html)

<sup>5</sup>National lost time rate based on state and national average from OSHA . (http://www.osha.gov/dcsp/success\_stories/hispanic/dallas\_airport.html)